SERVSAFE PRACTICE TEST 1.1

1. What is time-temperature abuse?
a. receiving frozen food frozen
b. allowing food to stay at temperatures good for the growth of pathogens
c. transferring pathogens from one surface or food to another
2. After cutting up melons, a food handler puts them in the cooler. What is this an example of
a. controlling time and temperature
b. preventing cross-contamination
c. practicing good personal hygiene
3. A food handler transfers pathogens from hands to food. How could it have been prevented?
a. preventing cross-contamination
b. practicing good personal hygiene
c. cleaning and sanitizing correctly
4. When should hand antiseptics be used?
a. before handwashing
b. instead of handwashing
c. after handwashing
5. Hands should be scrubbed with soap for how many seconds during handwashing?
a. 3-5
b. 1-2
c. 10-15

6. A food handler transfers pathogens from hands to food. How could it have been prevented?
a. preventing cross-contamination
b. practicing good personal hygienc
c. cleaning and sanitizing correctly
7. A food handler accidentally sprays a cleaner into the fryer oil and continues to use the fryer. Which type of hazard is this?
a. environmental
b. chemical
c. biological
8. What are the 3 types of hazards that make food unsafe?
a. chemical, physical, biological
b. biological, environmental, chemical
c. chemical, physical, environmental
9. A food handler has just finished busing a table. What must the food handler do before handling food?
a. wash hands
b. rinse hands
c. use hand sanitizer
10. A food handler used the same cutting board to prepare raw meat and then immediately to chop produce. This is an example of:
a. incorrect cleaning and sanitizing
b. cross-contamination
c. poor personal hygiene

11. Which is the correct order for handwashing?	
a. wet hands and arms, apply soap, rinse hands and arms, dry	
b. apply soap, scrub hands and arms, wet hands and arms, rinse hands and arms, dry	
c. wet hands and arms, apply soap, scrub hands and arms, rinse hands and arms, dry	
12. Handwashing sinks should be used for:	
a. handwashing and prepping food	
b. handwashing only	
c. handwashing and cleaning vegetable	
13. Cross-contamination occurs when	
a. pathogens transfer from one surface or food to another	
b. food is held at the correct temperature	
c. labels do not contain information on allergens	
14. A food handler has just finished preparing raw meat and is about to start a new task. What does th food handler need to do with her gloves?	e
a. check them for tears	
b. wipe them with a towel	
c. change them	
15. To keep food safe, a hair restraint must be worn when	
a. delivering food	
b. busing tables	
c. prepping food	

16. Pathogens grow well between which temperatures?
a. 41 and 135 degrees
b. 0 and 32 degrees
c. 135 and 165 degrees
17. A food handler has an infected wound on a finger. What must be placed over the wound?
a. a bandage and glove
b. nothing
c. just a glove
18. Where should a food handler check the temperature of food?
a. on the top surface
b. in the thickest part
c. on the bottom
19. What jewelry can food handlers wear while working?
a. any jewelry they want to
b. a plain band like a wedding band
c. braclets
20. Which symptoms must be reported to a manager?
a. stuffy nose, allergies
b. toothache, backache
c. diarrhea, vomiting, jaundice, sore throat with fever

21. At what minimum temperature must hot TCS food be held?
a. 120 degrees
b. 100 degrees
c. 135 degrees
22. Which food item needs time and temperature control to keep it safe?
a. cooked rice
b. apples
c. ketchup
23. What is the correct temperature for receiving cold TCS food?
a. 41 degrees
b. 45 degrees
c. 55 degrees
24. Cooked poultry must reach what minimum internal temperature for at least 15 seconds?
a. 145 degrees
b. 155 degrees
c. 165 degrees
25. Ready to eat TCS food that will be held for longer than 24 hours must be labeled with the date the food
a. is stored
b. will be prepared
c. should be thrown out

26. Where should wiping cloths be stored when not in use?
a. in sanitizer solution
b. on a hook by the prep table
c. on the counter
27. The correct way to scoop ice for a customer's beverage is to use:
a. clean glasses
b. ice scoops
c. clean bare hands
28. What is one of the correct ways to thaw TCS food?
a. in a sink full of hot water
b. on the counter overnight
c. as part of the cooking process
29. To prevent cross-contamination when prepping raw meat and ready to eat food, a food handler should
a. hold both products at the correct temperature
b. prepare them at the same time on the same table
c. clean and sanitize the work surfaces between each product
30. Juice from raw ground beef has dripped onto a pan of wrapped whole strawberries. What should the food handler do?
a. remove the dirty wrap, rinse the strawberries, replace the wrap and return to storage
b. set the pan of strawberries aside and ask the manager what to do
c. wipe the meat juice off the wrap with a towel and return the pan to storage

31. Food containing an allergen comes into contact with another food item and their proteins mix. This is called:
a. cross contact
b. cross contamination
c. allergen spread
32. What should a dish washer do to make sure a sanitizer is effective?
a. leave items in the sanitizer for twice as long
b. use extra hot water with the sanitizer
c. use a test kit to check the sanitizer's strength
33. What must the third compartment in a three-compartment sink be filled with?
a. water and sanitizer
b. water alone
c. water and detergent
34. After how many hours of constant use must a food-contact surface be cleaned and sanitized?
a. 3
b. 4
c. 1
35. Where should cleaning supplies and chemicals be stored?
a. in the walk-in cooler
b. on a shelf next to food
c. in a designated storage area

36. Pests can cause which two types of contamination?
a. biological and chemical
b. chemical and nutritional
c. physical and biological
37. Why is it important to leave the sanitizer on a surface for the correct amount of time?
a. to remove food items from the surface more efficiently
b. to reduce pathogens on the surface to safe levels
c. to kill all pathogens that may have been on the surface
38. A customer with a milk allergy is served a slice of pie with ice cream. What should the server do?
a. wipe away any ice cream that may have gotten on the pie
b. tell the customer to eat only the pie and leave the ice cream
c. prep a new dessert by placing a different slice of pie on a clean and sanitized plate & then serve it
39. What are three of the Big Eight food allergens?
a. eggs, wheat, fish
b. coffee, raspberries, corn
c. onions, broccoli, potatoes
40. What is the first step when cleaning and sanitizing correctly?
a. remove food from the surface
b. wash the surface
c. rinse the surface